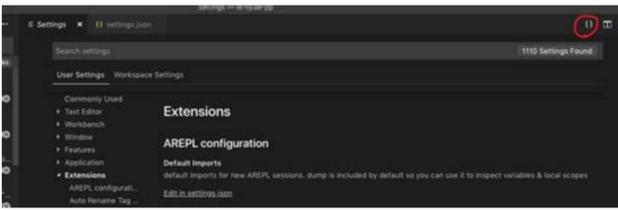


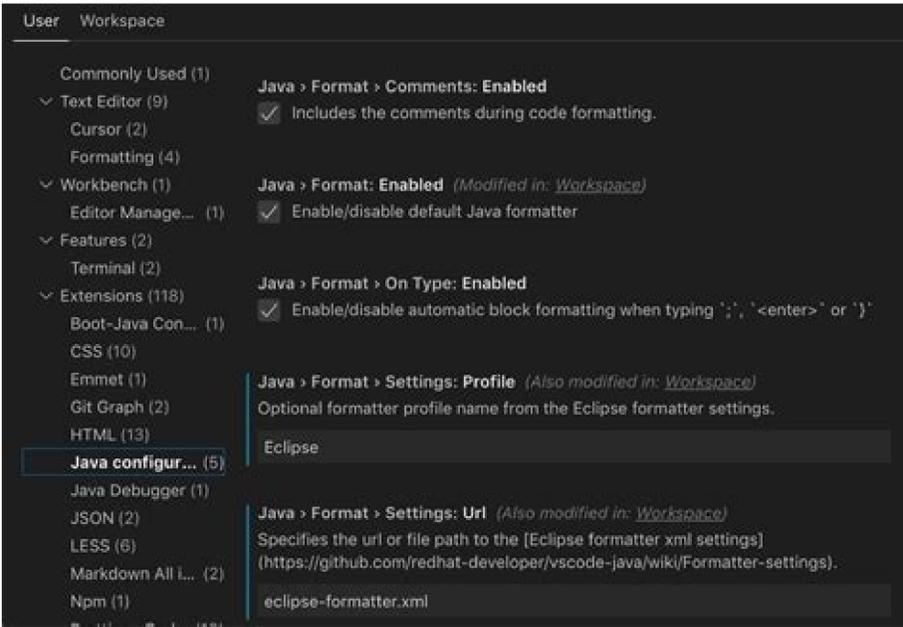
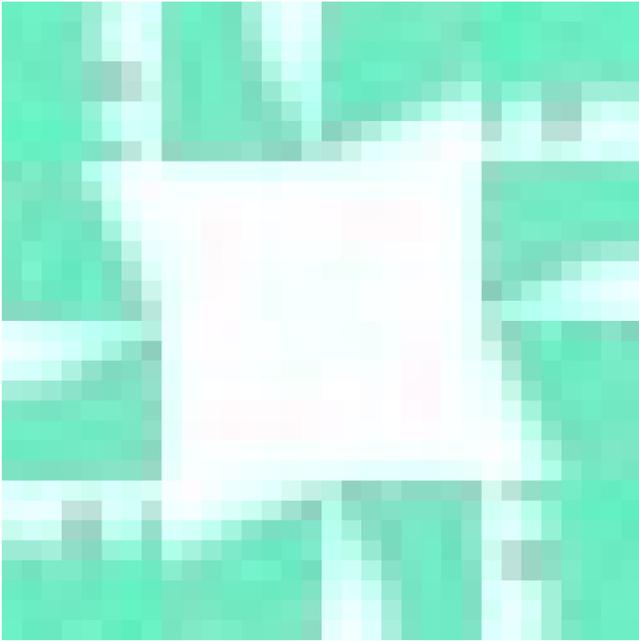
I'm not robot  reCAPTCHA

**Open**

# Format xml vscode



```
index.js
You, a few seconds ago | 4 authors (You and others)
1 import { Router, Route, browserHistory } from "react-router";
2 import { syncHistoryWithStore } from "react-router-redux";
3 import { Provider } from "react-redux";
4 import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
5 import React from "react";
6
7 import App from "./containers/App";
8 import configure from "./store";
9
10 const store = configure();
11 const history = syncHistoryWithStore(browserHistory, store);
12
13 ReactDOM.render(
14   <Provider store={store}>
15     <Router history={history}>
```



Auto format xml vscode. Vscode format xml not working. Xml format on save vscode. Vscode format large xml. Vscode pretty format xml. Vscode format large xml file. Prettier format xml vscode. Vscode xml tools format.

Environments and including variables are defined directly in Visual Studio Code setting file, so you can create/update/delete environments and variables at any time you wish. For instance, you can create a file variable with value of other request variables like `@token = {loginAPI.response.body.token}`. If specified, treats `envVarName` as an extension setting environment variable, and uses the value of that for the lookup, and `&`, like `GET ?page=2 &pageSize=10` Request Headers The lines immediately after the request line to first empty line are parsed as Request Headers. 'beside' for previewing at the side of the current active column and the side direction depends on `workbench.editor.openSideBySideDirection` setting, either right or below the current editor column. (common to determine tenant from sign in). Place the cursor anywhere between the delimiters, issuing the request as above, and the underlying request will be sent out. After you click the Save Full Response icon, it will prompt the window with the saved response file path. GraphQL variables part in request body is optional, you also need to add a blank line between GraphQL query and variables if you need it. Add the value of Authorization header in the raw value of `username:password`. Once a request is issued, the waiting spin icon will be displayed in the status bar until the response is received. File variables can be defined in a separate request block only filled with variable definitions, as well as define request variables before any request url, which needs an extra blank line between variable definitions and request url. You can also clear request history by pressing F1 and then selecting/typing Rest Client: Clear Request History. The format of Authorization header for Digest Auth is similar to Basic Auth. Authentication We have supported some most common authentication schemes like Basic Auth, Digest Auth, SSL Client Certificates, Azure Active Directory(Azure AD) and AWS Signature v4. Identifier of the application registration to use to obtain the token. However, they have some obvious differences. The reference syntax of system and custom variables types has a subtle difference, for the former the syntax is `{${SystemVariableName}}`, while for the latter the syntax is `{(CustomVariableName)}`, without preceding `$` before variable name. We also support the shared environment(identified by special environment name `$Share`) to provide a set of variables that are available in all environments. Microsoft Identity Platform(Azure AD V2) Microsoft identity platform is an evolution of the Azure Active Directory(Azure AD) developer platform. Below are examples of Request Headers: `User-Agent: rest-client Accept-Language: en-GB,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.6,zh-CN;q=0.4 Content-Type: application/json Request Body` If you want to provide the request body, please add a blank line after the request headers like the POST example in usage, and all content after it will be treated as Request Body. AWS Signature v4 AWS Signature version 4 authenticates requests to AWS services. `POST HTTP/1.1 content-type: application/json { "name": "sample", "time": "Wed, 21 Oct 2015 18:27:50 GMT" }` Once you prepared a request, click the Send Request link above the request (this will appear if the file's language mode is HTTP, by default. http files are like this), or use shortcut `Ctrl+Alt+R/Cmd+Alt+R` for macOS, or right-click in the editor and then select Send Request in the menu, or press F1 and then select/Type Rest Client: Send Request, the response will be previewed in a separate webview panel of Visual Studio Code. Currently, we provide a few dynamic variables which you can use in your requests. Specify top-level domain (TLD) to get a token for the specified government cloud, public for the public cloud, or ppe for internal testing. File variable value can even contain references to all of other kinds of variables. (Default is false) `rest-client.logLevel`: The verbosity of logging in the REST output panel. A typical use case is for secret keys that you don't want to commit to source control. The date is formatted using `Day.js`, read here for information on format strings. (Default is false) `rest-client.rememberCookiesForSubsequentRequests`: Save cookies from Set-Cookie header in response and use for subsequent requests. Other requests can use `requestName` as an identifier to reference the expected part of the named request or its latest response. Currently, active environment's name is displayed at the right bottom of Visual Studio Code, when you click it, you can switch environment in the pop-up list. You can click the Open button to open the saved response file in current workspace or click Copy Path to copy the saved response path to clipboard. The offset options you can specify in timestamp and datetime are: Option Description y Year M Month w Week d Day h Hour m Minute s Second ms Millisecond Below is an example using system variables: `POST HTTP/1 Content-Type: application/xml Date: {($datetime rfc1123)} { "user name": "{($dotenv USERNAME)", "request id": "{($guid)", "updated at": "{($timestamp)", "created at": "{($timestamp - 1 d)", "review count": "{($randomInt 5 200)", "custom date": "{($datetime YYYY-MM-DD)", "local custom date": "{($localDatetime YYYY-MM-DD)" }` More details about AadToken (Azure Active Directory Token) can be found on Wiki Customize Response Preview REST Client Extension adds the ability to control the font family, size and weight used in the response preview. Environment Variables For environment variables, each environment comprises a set of key value pairs defined in setting file, key and value are variable name and value respectively. "rest-client.mimeAndFileExtensionMapping": { "application/atom+xml": "xml" } Fold and Unfold Response Body In the response webview panel, there are two options Fold Response and Unfold Response after clicking the More Actions... You can specify a request as GraphQL Request by adding a custom request header `X-Request-Type: GraphQL` in your headers. And you can also switch environment using shortcut `Ctrl+Alt+E/Cmd+Alt+E` for macOS, or press F1 and then select/type Rest Client: Switch Environment. For body part, you can use `*` to reference the full response body, and for JSON and XML responses, you can use `JSONPath` and `XPath` to extract specific property or attribute. As for variable value, it can consist of any characters, even whitespaces are allowed for them (leading and trailing whitespaces will be trimmed). Variables We support two types of variables, one is Custom Variables which is defined by user and can be further divided into Environment Variables, File Variables and Request Variables, the other is System Variables which is a predefined set of variables out-of-box. never for treating provided request body as is, no encoding job will be applied. Expired tokens are refreshed automatically. See Environment Variables for more details about environment variables. Available settings are listed as following: Name Syntax Description note `# @note` Use for request confirmation, especially for critical request `no-redirect # @no-redirect` Don't follow the 3XX response as redirects All the above leading `#` can be replaced with `{($variableName)}`. Making GraphQL Request With GraphQL support in REST Client extension, you can author and send GraphQL query using the request body. (Default is error) `rest-client.enableSendRequestCodeLens`: Enable/disable sending request CodeLens in request file. Both file and request variables are defined in the http file and only have File Scope. Target Azure AD app id (aka client id) or domain the token should be created for (aka audience or resource). The extension of saved file is set according to the response MIME type, like if the Content-Type value in response header is `application/json`, the saved file will have extension `.json`. Default: Reuse previous token for the specified directory from an in-memory cache. If you'd like to use the full power of searching, selecting or manipulating in Visual Studio Code, you can also preview response in an untitled document by setting `rest-client.previewResponseInUntitledDocument` to true. By default, the language association will be automatically activated in two cases: File with extension `.http` or `.rest` First line of file follows standard request line in RFC 2616, with Method SP Request-URI SP HTTP-Version format If you want to enable language association in other cases, just change the language mode in the right bottom of Visual Studio Code to HTTP. Domain or tenant id for the directory to sign in to. (Default is `{($randomInt 5 200)}`) `rest-client.suppressResponseBodyContentTypeWarning`: Suppress response body content type validation. Environment variables are mainly used for storing values that may vary in different environments. For file variables, you can also benefit from some Visual Studio Code features like Go To Definition and Find All References. Only valid when using html view, if no request name is specified defaults to "Response". `{($dotenv %variableName)}`: Returns the environment value stored in the `.env` file which exists in the same directory of your `.http` file. Default: Pick a directory from a drop-down or press Esc to use the home directory (common for Microsoft Account). Auto Completion Currently, auto completion will be enabled for following seven categories: HTTP Method HTTP URL from request history HTTP Header System variables Custom variables in current environment/file/request MIME Types for Accept and Content-Type headers Authentication scheme for Basic and Digest Navigate to Symbols in Request File A single http file may define lots of requests and file level custom variables, it will be difficult to find the request/variable you want. (Default is true) `rest-client.useContentDispositionFilename`: Use filename= from 'content-disposition' header (if available), to determine output file name, when saving response body. Comma delimited list of scopes that must have consent to allow the call to be successful. `clientId`: Optional. Specify new to force re-authentication and get a new token for the specified directory. `{($localDatetime rfc1123)iso8601}`"custom format" "custom format" [offset option]}; Similar to `$datetime` except that `$localDatetime` returns a time string in your local time zone. The path can be absolute path or relative path(relative to workspace or current http file). REST Client extension could recognize requests separated by lines begin with three or more consecutive `#` as a delimiter. We leverage from the Goto Symbol Feature of Visual Studio Code to support to navigate(goto) to request/variable with shortcut `Ctrl+Shift+O/Cmd+Shift+O` for macOS, or simply press F1, type `@. {($randomInt min max)}`: Returns a random integer between min (included) and max (excluded) `{($timestamp [offset option])}`: Add UTC timestamp of now. After specified request history item is selected, the request details would be displayed in a temp file, you can view the request details or follow previous step to trigger the request again. Default uses an application registration created specifically for this plugin. Rerun Last Request Sometimes you may want to refresh the API response, now you could do it simply using shortcut `Ctrl+Alt+L/Cmd+Alt+L` for macOS, or press F1 and then select/type Rest Client: Rerun Last Request to rerun the last request. Only HTTP and HTTPS proxies are supported. `@hostname = api.example.com @port = 8080 @host = {($hostname)}.{($port)}` `@contentType = application/json @createdAt = {($datetime iso8601)}` `@modifiedBy = {($processEnv USERNAME)}` `### @name = hello GET https://{($host)}/authors/{($name)}` `HTTP/1.1 ### PATCH https://{($host)}/authors/{($name)}` `HTTP/1.1 Content-Type: {($contentType)}` `"content": "foo bar", "created at": "{($createdAt)", "modified by": "{($modifiedBy)" }` Request Variables Request variables are similar to file variables in some aspects like scope and definition location. Notice that when the same name used for custom variables, request variables takes higher resolving precedence over file variables, file variables takes higher precedence over environment variables. Page 2 REST Client allows you to send HTTP request and view the response in Visual Studio Code directly. Specify appOnly to use make to use a client credentials flow to obtain a token. Besides that you can also author GraphQL variables in the request body. (Default is full) `rest-client.disableHighlightResponseBodyForLargeResponse`: Controls whether to highlight response body for response whose size is larger than limit specified by `rest-client.largeResponseSizeLimitInMB`. For example, if a JSON response returns body `{ "id": "mock", "you`

can set the JSONPath part to \$.id to reference the id. "shared": { "version": "v1" }, "local": { "version": "v2", "host": "localhost", "secretKey": "DEVSECRET" }, "production": { "host": "example.com", "secretKey": "PRODSECRET" } } You can refer directly to the key (e.g. PRODSECRET) in the script, for example if running in the production environment # Lookup PRODSECRET from local machine environment GET https://(host)/{version}/values/item1?user={{processEnv USERNAME}} Authorization: {{processEnv PRODSECRET}} or, it can be rewritten to indirectly refer to the key using an extension environment setting (e.g. %secretKey) to be environment independent using the optional % modifier. Send Request link above each request will only be visible when the request file is in http mode, more details can be found in http language section. (Default is true) rest-client.disableAddingHrefLinkForLargeResponse: Controls whether to add href link in previewed response for response whose size is larger than limit specified by rest-client.largeResponseSizeLimitInMB. tenantId: Optional. For headers part, you can specify the header name to extract the header value. Main Features Send/Cancel/Rerun HTTP request in editor and view response in a separate pane with syntax highlight Send GraphQL query and author GraphQL variables in editor Send CURL command in editor and copy HTTP request as cURL command Auto save and view/clear request history Compose MULTIPLE requests in a single file (separated by ### delimiter) View image response directly in pane Save raw response and response body only to local disk Fold and unfold response body Customize font(size/family/weight) in response preview Preview response with expected parts(headers only, body only, full response and both request and response) Authentication support for: Basic Auth Digest Auth SSL Client Certificates Azure Active Directory Microsoft Identity Platform AWS Signature v4 Environments and custom/system variables support Use variables in any place of request(URL, Headers, Body) Support both environment, file and request custom variables Auto completion and hover support for both environment, file and request custom variables Diagnostic support for request and file custom variables Go to definition support for request and file custom variables Find all references support ONLY for file custom variables Provide system dynamic variables {{ \$guid }} {{ \$randomInt min max }} {{ \$timestamp [offset option] }} {{ \$datetime rfc1123|iso8601 [offset option] }} {{ \$processEnv [%envVarName] }} {{ \$dotenv [%variableName] }} {{ \$aadToken [new] [public|cn|de|us|j|pe] [l|aud:]}} Easily create/update/delete environments and environment variables in setting file File variables can reference both custom and system variables Support environment switch Support shared environment to provide variables that available in all environments Generate code snippets for HTTP request in languages like Python, JavaScript and more! Remember Cookies for subsequent requests Proxy support Send SOAP requests, as well as snippet support to build SOAP envelope easily HTTP language support. http and .rest file extensions support Syntax highlight (Request and Response) Auto completion for method, url, header, custom/system variables, mime types and so on Comments (line starts with # or //) support Support json and xml body indentation, comment shortcut and auto closing brackets Code snippets for operations like GET and POST Support navigate to symbol definitions(request and file level custom variable) in open http file CodeLens support to add an actionable link to send request Fold/Unfold for request block Usage In editor, type an HTTP request as simple as below: Or, you can follow the standard RFC 2616 that including request method, headers, and body. However, no matter where you define the file variables in the http file, they can be referenced in any requests of whole file. (Default is 13) rest-client.fontFamily: Controls the font family used in the response preview. A common usage is having different configurations for different web service environments, like devbox, sandbox, and production. (Default is True) rest-client.formParamEncodingStrategy: Form param encoding strategy for request body of x-www-form-urlencoded. So we allow you to spread query parameters into multiple lines(one line one query parameter), we will parse the lines in immediately after the Request Line which starts with ? If the JSONPath or XPath of body, or Header Name of headers can't be resolved, the plain text of variable reference will be sent instead. Microsoft Identity platform supports OAuth2 scopes, incremental consent and advanced features like multi-factor authentication and conditional access. Notice that if you want to refer the response of a named request, you need to manually trigger the named request to retrieve its response first, otherwise the plain text of variable reference like {{requestName.response.body.\$id}} will be sent instead. REST Client extension will do the base64 encoding automatically. (Default is true) rest-client.excludeHostsForProxy: Excluded hosts when using proxy settings. Per-request Settings REST Client Extension also supports request-level settings for each independent request. (Use F1 > Rest Client: Clear Azure AD Token Cache or restart Visual Studio Code to clear the cache.) public|cn|de|us|j|pe: Optional. (Default is true) Rest Client extension respects the proxy settings made for Visual Studio Code (http.proxy and http.proxyStrictSSL). REST Client will automatically parse the request with specified parser. And in this case, diagnostic information will be displayed to help you to inspect this. (Default is false) rest-client.requestNameAsResponseTabTitle: Show request name as the response tab title. Below are examples of Request Body: POST HTTP/1.1 Content-Type: application/xml Authorization: token xxx < C:/Users/Default/Desktop/demo.xml POST HTTP/1.1 Content-Type: application/xml Authorization: token xxx < ./demo.xml If you want to use variables in that file, you'll have to use an @ to ensure variables are processed when referencing a file (UTF-8 is assumed as the default encoding) POST HTTP/1.1 Content-Type: application/xml Authorization: token xxx

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